Pay 7

Read: Romans 11:1-12:21

1. Who are the wild olive branches?

2.	Who are the natural olive branches?
	Scripture Memory
	Write Romans 12:1 below

Romans 11:1-12:21

Romans 12:1

Therefore, I urge you brethren, by the mercies of God, to present your bodies a living and holy sacrifice, acceptable to God, which is your spiritual service of worship.

Day 1

Read: Romans 11:1-10

Introduction: Even though Israel had been a disobedient and obstinate people (10:21), God had not rejected them. The Apostle Paul gives 2 examples to prove that God had not forgotten His people. First, Paul himself was an example of an Israelite who had been rescued. Second, the 7,000 Israelites who refused to bow the knee to Baal is an example that God had not rejected Israel.

1.	God has always preserved a according to His			
	gracious choice (5).			
2.	If salvation is based on grace, then it is not based on			
	(6).			
3.	What happened to those who did not obtain the promise			
	(7)?			
	Scripture Memory			
Write Romans 12:1 below				
				
				

Pay 6

Read: Romans 12:9-21

Introduction: In this application section of Romans, verses 4-8 refers to being a sacrifice in the local church. Then, in verses 9-21, the passage refers to being a sacrifice in the world. Read through the list in verses 4-21 again and pick 3 phrases. Write out those three phrases and ask God to help you to be a sacrifice in each of those areas.

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Scripture Memory

Write Romans 12:1 below

Pay 5

Read: Romans 12:1-8

(4-5).

Introduction: In Paul's epistles, the first half of the book is the doctrine and the second half of the book is the application. The book of Romans is no different. Romans 1-11 is the doctrine and Romans 12-16 is the application. In order to rightly apply God's word (application), we must understand the doctrine.

How are you to present your bodies as a sacrifice to God (1)?
We are to be transformed by ______ our mind (2).
Each member in a local church has differing _____

Scripture Memory

Write Romans 12:1 below

Pay 2

Read: Romans 11:11-24

Introduction: God illustrated the relationship between Gentiles and Israelites concerning salvation by an olive tree. Israel had broken God's Covenant with them (cf. Jer. 11:10). Therefore, natural branches (Israelites) were broken off and wild branches (Gentiles) were grafted in. But if the wild branches become arrogant, God will break them off and graft the natural branches back into the olive tree.

- 1. When Israel stumbled by failing to believe the promises, was this stumbling permanent (11)?
- 2. Why should you not be arrogant (18)?
- 3. Why were some of the branches broken off (20)?

Scripture Memory

Write Romans 12:1 below

Day 3

Read: Romans 11:25-32

Introduction: From the standpoint of the Gospel, Gentiles and Israelites are enemies (28). What does Paul mean by this? In the Old Testament, God chose to primarily work among Israelites. During this present age, God has primarily rescued Gentiles. God did this in order to stir up Israel to jealousy (11-12). It appears that God will again call Israelites back to Himself (25-26).

- 1. What covenant is Paul referring to (27; cf. Jer. 31:31-34)?
- 2. The gifts and calling of God are _____(29).

Scripture Memory

Write Romans 12:1 below	

Day 4

Read: Romans 11:33-36

Introduction: Paul closes this difficult section on the doctrine of election with a doxology. A doxology is a hymn of praise to God. God is incomprehensible—we cannot understand all there is to know about God. But whenever we wrestle with this marvelous doctrine, we ought to be stirred to worship Him.

- 1. Can a person ever search out the depths of the wisdom of God (33)?
- 2. Are you God's counselor (34)?
- 3. For _____ Him and ____ Him and ____ Him and are all things (36).

Scripture Memory

Write Romans 12:1 below